INDIANA .- At a ratification meeting, held at Rushville, Indiana, on the 25th ultimo, to ratify the nominations recently made by the State convention, Hon. J. L. Robinson delivered an address. The nominations were duly

and delivered an address. The nominations were duly ratified, and a resolution adopted condemning, "in unqualified terms," the proposed State convention of the 22d inst. The following resolution was also adopted; Rasolved, That, concerning Kansas affairs, we agree with the President in his late annual message that they have already occupied quite too large a share of public attention, and that the sooner Kansas is admitted into the Union as a State the better for the peace of the Territory and of the country at large, and we have full confidence in Mr. Buchanan and his constitutional advisers on this subject; we have no "freedom-shrieks" to furnish the black-republican enemy in this behalf.

the comptroller's office of the city of New York, now in course of investigation in that city, the Herald says :

There is one very striking circumstance in connexion with all these charges of fraud, and that is, that in no single instance has the late mayor, who was asserted to be the father of all the corruptions, theft, and wickedness of which this city was the unfortunate victim, been implicated. Neither in the scrutinies of the investigating committees, the mysterious developments of the comp-troller's department, nor the charges and counter-charges of Conover and Devlin, has a particle of anything like an imputation on the public integrity of Ferns

The truth is, as we have already stated, the misnamed "free-State" men of Kansas did not, and do not now, want the slavery question settled. They want it kept open till the presidential election in 1860, and to keep it open they would trample under foot all the constitutions and all the laws in the universe. They have defied the laws from the beginning, and they will defy them to the end. If they can get the constitution referred back to them, they will kick it about from year to year, and use every exertion to keep the slavery question open for agitation throughout the North. The only chance for speedy peace lies in the immediate admission of Kansas under the constitution she has lawfully formed. If that constitution does not imbody the will of the people, the first State legislature that assembles can call a convention to amend it, and the slavery clause, or any other provision that does not meet the sanction of the people, can be stricken out. If desired by the people, a new constitution, from beginning to end, can be formed in less than three months after the admission of the State. Just as soon as Kansas shall be admitted, so soon will this dangerous agitation cease; and just as long as Kansas is keptout, so long will the nation's cars be split with "shricks for freedom." All who want speedy peace should go with the administration for the immediate admission of Kansas; and whatever timid politicians may do, the bone and sinew of the democratic party of Pennsylvania will go with the administration on this question.

[Chambersharg (Pa.) Valley Spiris.

[Chambershurg (Pa.) Valley Spirit.

The Reaction on Lecompton.—We are glad to note a healthy reaction in the public mind relative to the Lecompton constitution. Gradually, in the face of all misrepresentations, is the fact working itself into the public mind that the admission of Kansas under that instrument is the shortest method of settling the unhappy existing difficulties. The people see that the Lecompton constitution gives to the people of Kansas control of the affairs of Kansas, and, thinking that such a consummation is the one of all others most devoutly to be wished, are beginning to wonder why it should be opposed and delayed. We predict now that in six months after Lecompton goes through Congress, as we are sure it will go through, it will be universally recognised as one of the wisest measures that were ever adopted by that body.

[Steubenville (O.) Union.

At a meeting of the democracy of Mecklenburg county, North Carolina, to appoint delegates to a State dem-ocratic convention, the following resolutions were adopt-

Reserved. That we endorse the course of our representa-tive in Congress. Hon. Burton Craige, as well as that of the entire democratic delegation from this State. Resolved, That the administration of James Buchanan meets our hearty endorsement; that he has been tried and not found wanting; and that, especially, we will stand by THE MAN who stands by the Lecompton constitu-

We find in the "Kansas Crusader of Freedom," published at Doniphan, Kansas Territory, by James Redpath, the following letter. The Crusader is one of the most ultra papers in the Territory, and belongs to the non-

WASHINGTON, D. C. Jan. 1, 1858. My DEAR SIR: Your favor of the 22d has just been received. You did well on the election day. Our friends are delighted at the exhibition of spirit made by our people on that occasion. It augurs well for the protection of the ballot-box on the 4th. 000 000 in my opinion, the President has the power to pass this measure. The Senate is yet doubtful, but in the House

In my opinion, the President has the power to pass this measure. The Senate is yet doubtful, but in the House he has 40 majority on any question of slavery; that is, 24 democrats, and 16 southern know-nothings, who are democratic on the slavery issue—making in all 40. Many northern democrats have bolted, and more will follow, but I doubt if enough do to break down the measure. In the event of this infamous conclusion, I think there will be no use of my remaining here any longer. I shall, therefore, unless advised to the contrary, return home to take my lot with the people on the passage of this measure. Much depends on the 4th inst. If you can overwhelm this constitution on that occasion, it will help us materially. It is important to have a great vote. I inquired yesterday at the Indian office touching the Delaware lands. They say nothing is at present on foot in that direction, but that the return of Gen. Denver is expected to bring some information, &c. I have sen't you copies of Doughas and Cox's speeches, as a specimen of the stampede' that is taking place from the democratic camp. Let me hear from you often.

Very truly, your friend,

MARCUS J. PARROTT.

REVOLUTIONARY RELICS. The editor of the Richmond Enquirer has seen in the State Library several interesting relics, which are properly described in the following letter:

YORKTOWS, Feb. 1, 1858.

To his excellency Henry A. Wise, governor of Virginia: Sir: I take the liberty to send you, by a messenger, three relics of the American revolution, which for many years I have had at this place. The sight and handling three relies of the American revolution, which for many years I have had at this place. The sight and bandling of them may be interesting, perhaps, to yourself, and to thousands of others who may assemble around you at Richmond, on the 22d inst., to witness the inauguration of the equestrian statue of Washington. The first is a brass-hitted sword, still in its original leather scabbard, and covered with its sncient rust. It speaks its own antiquity and character, having engraved on its blade, 'Dragoon of Virginia,' 'Victory or Death,' 'Klingenthal,'—its maker I suppose—and other devices. The second is what remains of a white wax candle that was part of Lord Cornwallis's military stores at the time of his surrender, on the 19th of October, 1781; several pieces of an inch each of this relie having been cut off and sent to my relations in different sections of the Union. The third is a large, undischarged bomb, ploughed up years ago on one of my town lots here—a projectile, no doubt, from the combined French and American to the British army during the siege—a confidential despatch possibly sent by Washington and Rochambeau to the English commander-in-chief. Who will volunteer to open and examine its contents?

After using these vaduable relies of the times that tried

the City of Jedio is said to be, without exception, the largest city in the world. It contains 1,500,000 dwellings, and the unparalleled number of 5,000,000 of people. Some of its streets are sixteen Japanese ris in length, which is equal to thirty-two English miles. The commerce of Japan is immense, and the sex all along their coast is covered with their ships. Their vessels are laden in the southern portion of the empire with rice, tea, sea-coal, tobacco, silk, cotton, and tropical fruits, all of which find a market in the North, and then return freighted with corn, salt, oil, isinglass, and other productions of the North, which find a market in the South.

The city of Japan. The city of the tunnel, will enable them to avail themselves of \$100,000 of the State loan under the provisions of the existing law.

Gov. Romisson's Position.—We stated in a recent number that we did not believe that Gov. Robinson had advocated the election of the bolters' ficket. We made this statement because the governor publicly expressed his determination to adhere to the decision of the convention both before and after the vote was taken. It is due to "we of Leavenworth" to state that we were mistaken, and that, notwithstanding these public pledges, he did stump in favor of the bolters.—Kansus Crusade.

NEW PUBLICATIONS

Brazil and the Brazilians, portrayed in historical and de-scriptive sketches. By Rev. D. P. Kidder, D. D., and Rev. J. C. Fletcher. Blustrated by one hundred and

The above is a title of a new work just issued from the press of Childs & Peterson, of Philadelphia. From the hasty examination we have been able to bestow upon it, onclude that it is a very interesting book, and one hat will well repay a perusal. The illustrations are very well and prettily executed. The work is published by subscription, and the agent for it is now in the city.

The agent, now in the city, has laid upon our table A Biography of Dr. Elisha Kent Kane, by William Elder;" also just issued from the press of Childs & Peter-son. The book, besides numerous other engravings, con-tains a beautiful portrait of the celebrated explorer, and gives a full and complete history of his life from his birth to the close of his earthly career. As everything connected with this distinguished man must be interesting to the American people, we can safely recommend Mr. El-der's book to the attention of the reading public.

We have received "Littell's Living Age" for the weel not yet seen it, and who may desire to purchase it, we subjoin its table of contents : "St. Augustine Orator of the Ancient Church ;" "Old Saint Ann's Gateway ;" "Hunger and Thirst;" "Hindoo Emigrants;" "The Bells of Botreaux—A Legend;" "Poetry," and "Short

Hant's Merchants' Magazine for February has been ren relation to banking and the recent financial revulsion, together with its usual variety of intelligence relating to commerce, railroads, manufactures, art, agriculture, and

We have received from the publishers the February umber of this excellent traveller's guide. So generally its value acknowledged that few undertake a journey of any length without it. With its assistance the usual difficulties and perplexities of travellers are entirely

LETTER TO THE SECRETARY OF THE NAVY.

LETTER TO THE SECRETARY OF THE NAVY.

Str.: Enclosed you will find the proceedings of the people of the city of Mobile, in public meeting on Monday, 25th of January, 1858, at which resolutions were adopted demanding an investigation of the conduct of Commodore Hiram Paulding, of the United States navy, on the 8th day of December, 1857, in the harbor of San Juan del Norte, in Central America.

The committee, for reasons which they do not deem necessary to state, have to request the honorable Secretary will so constitute the court which is to try the said Hiram Paulding by the appointment of an equal number of naval officers natives of southern portions of this Union, that exact justice may be insured without prejudice to this section.

this section.

The undersigned now become the prosecutors in this trial, and have subscribed to the charges and specifications

F. B. SHEPARD C. J. MeRAE. WM. F. CLEVELAND. To the Hon. SECRETARY OF THE NAVY of the United States

harges and specifications preferred against Hiram Paulding, commodere of the United States navy, by the citizens of Mo-bile in neeting assembled on the 25th day of January, 1858. CHARGE 1. Violation of the constitution of the United

CHARGE 1. Violation of the constitution of the United States.

Specification 1. In this, that the said Commodore Hiram Paulding, on the 8th day of December, 1857, did invade the territory of the republic of Nicaragua, and then and there did capture and make prisoners of certain persons organized as a military force and claiming to be the army of said republic, thereby committing an act of war without the consent of the Congress of the United States.

Specification 2. That the said Commodore Hiram Paulding, of the United States navy, did, on the day and date aforesaid, seize and unlawfully detain the commissary, quartermaster, ordnance, medical, and other stores, belonging to said military force, and treat them in all respects as prizes of war—and this without the sanction or authority of the Congress of the United States.

Charge 2. Conduct unbecoming an officer and a gentleman.

tleman.

Specification 1. That the said Commodore Hiram Paulding, of the United States navy, demanded the surrender

Specification 1. That the said Commodore Hiram Paulding, of the United States navy, demanded the surrender of said military force in manner and language derogatory to the character of an officer and gentleman.

Specification 2. That, after said surrender of said military force to his orders, no guard was for several hours placed over the property within the encampment lately occupied by said military force, and when said guard was placed it was inefficient, owing to its number and intoxicated state, to prevent the robbery and plundering of said property by sailors and other persons.

Specification 3. That the said Captain H. Paulding, of the United States navy, did, after the unlawful scizure of said property, assume to dispose of it as if it were his own—and this without having it subjected to the judgment of a prize court of competent jurisdiction.

Specification 4. That, after the surrender of said military force and the seizure of its property, the said Com. H. Paulding, of the United States navy, wrote several despatches to the honorable the Secretary of the Navy of the United States, in which he used language and epithets derogatory to him as a gentleman, and unworthy of an officer of the United States navy; and, also, in a boostful and unofficer-like manner, assumed to himself an officer of the United States navy; and, also, in a boastful and unofficer-like manner, assumed to himself and command the credit of skill and courage in the exe-cution of the unlawful act of the 8th December.

and command the credit of skill and courage in the execution of the unlawful act of the 8th December.

Charge 3. Conduct unworthy of an American citizen. Specification 1. That the said Com. H. Paulding, of the United States navy, did, in the presence of a British naval force, make said capture and seizure of said military force, and by the manner in which the act was done, as well as by the act itself, afforded a pretext for the future interference of Great Britain in Central America, thus contravening the declared policy of the American people.

Specification 2. That, while in the act of forcing said surrender and making said science, he received and permitted to remain on board his flag-ship for the time being—the United States steamer Fulton—Capt. Ornmany, and other officers of H. B. M.'s naval forces.

Specification 3. The conduct of said Hiram Paulding in presence of the English, the old enemies of the American Union and opponents of slavery, as it exists in the southern portion of said Union, and while under the guns of the British forces in the harbor of San Juan, made an exhibition entirely at variance with the conduct of other officers of the American navy on former occasions.

Specification 4. That the said Hiram Paulding, of the United States navy, committed an unpardonable assault on the character of the service in which he is engaged when he proclaimed to the world, through the Secretary of the Navy and President Buchanan, that General William Walker and his command were piratical, and immediately thereafter received said Walker into his cabin and at his table, and personally placed the pirate on his parole of honor.

The Nucrius of Law.—A curious case has lately been decided at Milwaukee. The American Express Company having been entrusted by a firm of that city with \$7,000 to deliver to the State Bank in Madison, Wis., made a tender of the money after banking hours and the bank refused to receive it. During the night the Express safe was robbed of its contents, including the \$7,000. Suit was brought by the firm against the Express Company, who claimed that, once having made a tender of the money, they were no longer responsible for it as common carriers, and that they kept it over night as a more matter of accommodation to plaintiffs. In this view the jury coincided, and returned a verdict for the Express Company.

sent by Washington and Rochambeau to the English commander in-chief. Who will volunteer to open and examine its contents?

After using these valuable relies of the times that tried men's souls on the approaching occasion, I beg you to preserve and return the first-named two of them to me, to be replaced in my cabinet of antique curiosities.

Respectfully, your obedient servant,

ROBERT ANDERSON.

The City of Jedoo is said to be, without exception, the largest city in the world. It contains 1,500,000 dwellings, and the unparalleled number of 5,000,000 of people. Some of its

THE CHOCTAW NATION.

THE CHOCTAW NATION.

Hon. Alfred Wade, first governor of the Choctaw na Meschants Exchange Association.—The adjourned

of the senate.

The cause of Gov. Wade's resignation is continued ill health, which for the past two months has prevented him from satisfactority performing the duties of his office. His address to the people, notifying them of the step he has taken, is conceived in a very beautiful spirit, and furnishes valuable information of the condition of the new people, rapidly advancing to honor and influence on our s frontier. He says :

I am happy to state that the difficulties among some portions of the people, consequent upon the change in our government under the new constitution, are rapidly disappearing, and, with the exception of a few counties, the officers were all elected at the recent election. I regret that there was a failure in any county. The general council did their duty in providing promptly for the first omission on the part of the people to attend the election. I trust their second failure in a few counties will not cause any inconvenience to the citizens thereof, and that they will patiently await the time when the proper authority can assist them to remedy the failure. The general council have provided the manner of taking the vote at the next regular election in August, 1859, on such changes in the constitution as were asked for by the people on Red river, and this should satisfy every one.

The Choctaw people should remember the maxim that 'In union there is strength,' and in all matters affecting their political welfare and their existence as a nation they should not let anything distract or divide them. Their own history as a nation shows that when the old chiefs and the people under them were united, they were unmolested and prosperous, and when they became divided, step by step they had to recede until forced to seek quiet and a home in the land they now hold. The Bible tells us that a house divided against itself is bound to fall. Let me proclaim this warning in a voice that will reach the heart and mind of every one of my brother chockaws.

We have enough to struggle for as a people, without the District Committee, the honorable chairman of the District Committee, the hon

to fall. Let me proclaim this warning in a voice that will reach the heart and mind of every one of my brother Choctaws.

We have enough to struggle for as a people, without fomenting and encouraging civil strife among ourselves. Our existence as a nation depends upon union, harmony, and brotherly feeling in all political affairs. Our social and moral existence depends on that untiring effort to elevate and educate our children, so as to put them upon a fair footing in that continued contact with our white brothers which the Great Director of men and nations has so manifestly ordered in the case of ourselves.

In severing with you an official relation, in various capacities, unbroken for twenty years, let me entreat you to be united. Without this, no man can tell the troubles that may come upon us. Think of the Choctaws' past history! Listen, and be warned!

I have recently appointed commissioners to see that the starting point of the castern boundary of our country be correctly established, under the survey provided by the treaty of June, 1855, and they have performed that duty. I have appointed and commissioned others to accompany the surveyor, and see that the lines on our eastern and western limits, and the line between us and our friends, the Chickasaws, be correctly run and permanently marked.

The laws which the last council directed me to have printed have been placed in the hands of the person whom I have selected to supervise the work, and I have

printed have been placed in the hands of the person whom I have selected to supervise the work, and I have every assurance that it will be speedily done, so that the books may be distributed at an early day.

THE DANITES IN KANSAS. We find the following letter in the St. Louis Republi-

can of the 30th ult. WESTPORT, January 2, 1858.

Can of the 30th ult.:

Westfort, January 2, 1858.

There exists in Kansas Territory a branch of the Mormon Danites. They are principally Mormons and free-lovers: being compactly organized, and having influential members, they rule the destinies and fix the policy of the free-State party of Kansas. They are making use of the inbred prejudices of people from the free States to propagate their nefarious doctrines and accomplish their treasonable and immoral designs.

That such an organization exists there can be but little doubt, and that they are now playing the desperate game for which they are banded together facts go to show.

A few days age a fine hotel, which cost four thousand dollars, was burned at Lexington, Johnson county. The town is pro-slavery, and the house was owned by a proslavery man—Col. S. L. McKinny, of this place. About the same time a number of cabins belonging to members of the democratic party were burned.

Last week an Indian by the name of Tully was shot. A body of Danites, who had been stealing his timber and otherwise trespassing on his land, gave him gnotice to leave, as they did Henry Koohtze and Cary, Dutch Henry and others, whom they murdered. Kot long after notice to leave his own land had been served on this Shawnee, he was shot in an altercation with the trespassers.

Last night the Lipscomb House, at New Santa Fe, in Missouri, adjoining Oxford, in Kansas, was burned down.

To-day a gentleman named Stofer was shot on the highway. It is said that he was travelling in a coach, not far from Wyandotte, when he was overtaken or met by some Danites. They asked his name: and, on learning it, one of them shot Stofer in the mouth, cutting away part of the jaw and half of the tongue. Stofer is a democratic member elect from Leavenworth county. Jim Lane, as chief of the Danites, has ordered every democratic member elect from Leavenworth county. Jim Lane, as chief of the Danites, has ordered every democratic member elected to be hung, shot, or maimed.

General Calhoun whose life has been thr

day to Kansas city by an armed escort. He is expected here to-morrow.

Such is the effect of Lane free-loveism and Danite Mormonism upon fair Kansas. What is to be the final result God only knows. These are not idle rumors, but facts; and they are sufficient to show that unless government speedily applies a remedy for the evil consequences of these two, which are the worst isms that afflict humanity, civil war must be the consequence. Although this law party of Kansas and its friends are conservative and forbearing, yet the time may come when conservatism is cowardice and forbearance a vice.

H. C. P.

The same class of men (says the Rochester Union and Advertiser) who now predict woes unutterable in case the gress are the same prophets of ruin and disaster who have so often made the same predictions in regard to the adoption of democratic measures. The same dire forebodings, from the same sources, preceded the election of General Jackson, the overthrow of the United States Bank, the adoption of the sub-treasury, the acquisition of Texas, the passage of the tariff of 1846, and numerous other measures, which the event has always shown to be baseless and unwarranted. We entertain no doubt that, as it has ever been under similar circumstances, so it will be in regard to Kansas. Let the measure be consummated, and the whole morbid excitement will speedily wane and die.

WASHINGTON THEATRE.

Farewell night and benefit of the Fairy Star Miss AGNES ROBERTSON. To-NIGHT, SATURDAY, PRINCARY 6, 1858,

In which Mr. and Mrs. SLOAN will appear

After which, for the first time THE CAT CHANGED INTO A WOMAN.

THE YOUNG ACTRESS.

Doors open at 7; performance commences at 7 %. Feb 6 [Int.StatesStar.]

PHILHARMONIC HALL.

MONDAY EVENING, PERSUARY 8, 1858. HARRY SANDERSON'S
Grand Vocal and Instrumental Concert wing eminent talent will appear on the above even

Admission, \$1.
Doors open at 7; to commence at 8 o'clock.
Tickels and reserved seats may be secured in advance (without extra charge) at the principal music stores and hotels; also, at the door on the evening of the concert.

Feb 8

TEXAS LAND FOR SALE.—30,000 acres, in 320, 640,1,280 acre, and & %, %, and I-league tracts, situated contiguous to the several projected railroad routes. Terms accommodating price moderate; titles good. No encumbrances. Apply to George Pisher, at the National Hotel, Washington.

tion, has resigned that office, and, by the constitution, is succeeded in the same by Hon. Tandy Walker, president street and Pennsylvania avenue, was attended by about

referred the resolutions of the last meeting, reported resolutions as a substitute, which, as amended on motion of

Whereas there has been a bill introduced into the Sen de of the United States by the Hon. Mr. Slidell, which bill, if it should pass, we conceive to be a measure highly injurious to the welfare of the citizens of this District: therefore be it

the present banks of this District have been of great assistance to the citizens in their business transactions, and
we respectfully ask that they be rechartered.

Resolved, That a copy of the above resolutions, properly attested, be transmitted to the konorable chairman of
the District Committee, the honorable Messrs. Hunter
and Mason, of Virginia, the Hon. Messrs. Pearce and
Kennedy, of Maryland, with a request that they use their
influence to defeat the bill reported by the Hon. Mr. Slidell.

A lengthy and discursive speech was made by Mr Perry, with very slight bearing on the question before the association, wearying the listeners for an hour and a half.

Mr. Mitchell and Mr. Wall followed in brief speeches. Mr. Dodson took this occasion to say that he was not the author of the resolutions introduced at the last meeting Mr. Wall considered that part of Mr. Slidell's bill pro hibiting the circulation of bank notes in the District of denomination smaller than fifty dollars as striking out of circulation six millions of money, and at least \$250,000 of actual capital in Virginia and Maryland bank notes.

The resolutions were adopted, and the association ad-journed at 101 o'clock.

SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION .- Dr. Wynne, of New York, delivered last evening the lecture which was postponed from Monday night on account of the storm. This lec-ture was more practical than many. Whether from that cause, or from some other, it was less numerously attended than is usual. Its immediate subject was "the influence of occupations upon health," especially with reference to the probabilities of insurance and provident societies. The lecturer exhibited an immense array of fig

ares, showing the averages of life among the members benefit societies in England, from which it appears (although contrary to the generally-received opinion) that those engaged in industrial pursuits have a greater length days than the privileged or idle classes. Taking an average of fourteen years from the records of Massachu-setts, the age at which agriculturists die is 64; gentlemen at 63; clergymen, 56; blacksmiths, 51; butchers and carpenters, 49; sailors, 45; painters, 39; and printers, 36. Farmers have, therefore, an advantage of fifteen or twenty years over printers. With this melancholy fact staring him in the face, how can any one have the hear

to neglect paying for his paper?

Some curious facts were adduced in relation to marriages. The greatest number of matrimonial engageents occur, the world over, between the ages of twenty and twenty-five. From the last-named age a lady' chances diminish rapidly, until, at thirty, statistician say (but we can't believe it) her chances for wedlock are but one in ten. The time of the year has much to do with it. Massachusetts records testify that the fewest narriages are committed in March, and the greatest number in November, which latter circumstance is attributed to the hallowing influence of thanksgiving. In Kentucky, on the contrary, where they have less to be thank full for, or at least where thanksgiving figures less prominently among their institutions, the greatest number of celebrations is in the month of December. Christmas is observed to have a hymencal effect at the South. Kentuckians marry earlier than New Englanders, some five

years or so, according to the most abstruse calculations.

Many other statistics were brought forward to demonstrate that health and long life are the result of fixed laws; and those laws should be carefully pondered by

WILLARDS' HOTEL is soon to be enlarged. The enterprising proprietors have purchased the southwest corner aing their hotel, fronting 123 feet on Fourteenth street and 60 feet on F street; and they propose to immediately commence excavating for a large building, which, when completed, will give them 150 additional rooms, and extend their main dining-room 123 feet making the entire length of room 263 feet, with an L of 100 feet additional. The edifice will be built with all modern improvements-with hot and cold water, and gas, in all the chambers, and will prove a valuable addition to this recommendations of the President are adopted by Con- excellently-kept and well-patronized hotel. It has been rare that rooms could be obtained there of late unless engaged in advance, and we are glad to see a prospect that guests will not be turned away from their favorite quar

> AN OLD INHABITANT, Mr. Philip Otterback, died on Thursday evening, aged 71. He came here in 1810, and commenced business as a butcher by purchasing a hog. which he killed and carried to market on a wheelbarrow Since then, until within a year or two, he has been the leading butcher of the metropolis, and amassed a large fortune, a portion of which he invested in the purchase of several valuable fishing-landings on the Potomac. He was a native of Wurtemberg, and his funeral, which is to take place next Sunday (to-morrow) afternoon, will doubtless be attended by a large concourse of citizens.

> Tas Schools of the District of Columbia have recently been brought to the notice of the Senate District Committee by a committee of the board of trustees. This committee has reported to the board that the Senate District Committee are decidedly opposed to recommending Congress to make a grant of land for educational purposes here, but that they will recommend the appropriation of a sum of money from the national treasury equal to whatever sum the city will contribute.

> THE PENITESTIARY.—A resolution has been adopted by the Senate instructing the Committee on the District of Columbia to inquire into the state and condition of the prisons of the District, and (among other matters) the expediency of procuring a new site for the peni tentiary. It is more than probable that the peniten tiary will be removed, and we learn that speculators are already endeavoring to make arrangements by which they can dispose of their lands for that purpose.

> THE DANITE ORGANIZATION .- A Kansas paper says that its next number "will contain an expose of this damnable league, with the names of the leading members of it. Every decent man, without distinction of party, should combine to crush out these infamous secret gange of midnight assassins. Gov. Denver deserves the thanks of the free-State men, as well as of the pro-slavery party, for his able and merited denunciation of this order.

HARRY SANDERSON'S CONCERT On Monday evening next, at Philharmonic Hall, will be a rare treat to the lovers of good music. He is a most accomplished artist, uniting the grace of Thalberg to the force of De Meyer, with a vivacity peculiarly his own.

Prorognaphy has of late made wonderful progress as an art, and we are now indebted to it for exquisite pictures of persons and places, taken with the greatest ra-pidity and with thorough fidelity. The portraits on exhibition at the gallery of Brady, on the avenue, show a faithfulness and delicacy that no copper-plate engraving

TRACHERS' ASSOCIATION. - The regular monthly meeting of the Teachers' Association will be held this morning at the Smithsonian Institution at eleven o'clock. Dr. Olds will deliver a lecture on "the fundamental principles of intellectual development and training." Copies of the pamphlet on educational statistics can be had at the

THE THEATRE -As the engagement of Agnes Hobert on and Bourcicault draws towards its conclusion they draw even larger audiences than have previously crowded the Theatre to witness their finished performances. The

OUR INDIAN VISITORS are diligently occupying time in sight-seeing, and are especially pleased with the atrical performances, although their interpreters say that Poncas will leave in company, in about ten days, and re

about six hundred dollars as the net proceeds of the ball given for their benefit on Thursday night.

quette," now on exhibition in this city.

DEDICATION.—The Capitol Hill M. E. Church corner north A and Third streets east, will be dedicated next Sabbath February 7. Freaching by Rev. Alfred Cookman at 11 o'clock, a m. Rev. John Emery Cookman, 7 o'clock, p.m., (sons of Rev. George Cookman, formerly chaplain to Congress) and by Rev. Robt. L. Dashiell, 33; o'clock, p. m. The public generally are invited to attend. Feb 4—36.

THIS Celebrated piece of Statuary, the production of WILLIAM R. BARBEE, of Virginia, has arrived in this city and now on exhibition at 450 Penn. avenue, between Third and Four-and-a-half streets—from room up staffers t commondations of praise from critics and connoiseeurs both in Europe and America, and is now justly ranked among the most brilliant achievements of modern artists.

Doors open from 9, a. m., till 10, p. m. Admittance 50 cents; sesson tickets \$1.

## GRANITE BUILDING STONE

DROPOSALS will be received until the 1st day of PROPOSALS will be received until the 1st day of March next, at 12 o'clock, m., for formishing and delivering at attle Calboum, Hampton Boads, Virginia, the following description of the best quality of granite stone, viz:

210 blocks, averaging 32 cubic feet each, smooth faced on two sides, and bedded and jointed throughout

108 blocks, averaging 32 cubic feet each, smooth faced on one side, and bedded and jointed throughout

508 stretchers, rough faced, with chisel draught, averaging from 16 to 50 cubic feet each, with chisel draught, averaging from 6 to 53 cubic feet each, with chisel draught, averaging from 6 to 53 cubic feet each, with chisel draught, averaging from 6 to 53 cubic feet each, with chisel draught, averaging from 6 to 50 cubic feet each, smooth faced on two sides, besided and jointed throughout

829 blocks, averaging from 13 to 25 cubic feet each, smooth faced on two ends, and dressed beds and joints throughout 6 blocks, averaging 14 cubic feet each, smooth faced on one side, dressed beds and joints throughout 6 blocks, averaging motout 15 cubic feet each, smooth faced on one side, dressed beds and joints throughout

144 blocks, averaging from 12 to 65 cubic feet each, amouth dressed on two sides, with dressed beds and joints throughout

145 blocks, averaging from 10 to 50 cubic feet each, a portion of them to be dressed throughout.

The stone, in all respects, to be of the best quality of granite, and

them to be dressed throughout.

The stone, in all respects, to be of the best quality of granite, and the cutting and dressing to be true to the dimensions, to be hereafter given, whether in the straight or curved surfaces. It is to be understood by the party proposing that all extra cutting which will arise from neglect will be charged to the contractor.

Samples of the stone offered will have, in all cases, to accompany the proposals; and also the extent and locality of the quarry from whence it is to be furnished will be named.

The deliveries to be completed during the year 1858, inless otherwise directed, commencing on or about the 10th day of April next, and in such quantities and particular dimensions as will from time to time be designated.

in such quantities and particular translations at the expense of the designated.

Mouths will be furnished for all intricate stones at the expense of the United States, at Castle Calboau, when applied for by the party with whom the contract may be made.

The proposals will specify the price of the stone by the cubic foot, when dressed, delivered, inspected, and accepted.

Each individual offering proposals will accompany them with the signatures of two competent persons who are willing to become his

signatures of two competent persons who as sureties.

Further details and specifications can be obtained, for the various quantities and sizes of the stones to be furnished, at the United States Engineer Office, at Fort Monroe, Hampion Roads, Virginia, by applying in person to R. E. DeRUSSY.

Lieut. Colonel Engineers.

By A. GREEN, Auctioneer.

SALE on account of government of tables, chairs, wardrobes, &c.—On Saturday, the 6th inst., I shall sell, at 10 o'clock, a. m., in front of my store, corner of D and 7th streets, an excellent to of furniture belonging to government, viz:

Large and small writing tables
Wardrobes, washstands, and cane seat chairs

Wardrobes, washstands, and cane seat clears
Window blinds
About 180 yards maitting
Settees, spittoons, coal hods, shovet and tongs, &c.
Terms: Cash in specie.
The above goods are nearly new, having been used but a short time.
Feb 6

Books from London.

POLYGLOT of Foreign Proverbs. 1 vol. \$1 25.

Memoirs of the Duke of Sully. 3 vols. \$3.

A Guide to the Knowledge of Pottery, Porcelain, and other objects of Yertu. 1 vol. \$1 25.

Life of Alexander Pure.

of Vertu. 1 vol. \$1 25.
Life of Alexander Pope. 1 vol. \$1 25.
Life of Alexander Pope. 1 vol. \$1 25.
Lives and Works of Michael Angelo and Raphael. 1 vol. \$1 26.
Whewill's History of the Inductive Science. 3 vols. \$7.
Pier's Ploughman's Vision and Creed. 2 vols. \$2 50.
Solden's Table Talk. 1 vol. \$1 25.
Sir Thomas Overbury's Works. 1 vol. \$1 25.
Francis Quarles Enclindion. \$7 cents.
John Aubrey's Miscellanies. 1 vol. \$1.
Chapman's Homer's Had. 2 vols. \$3.
Dictionary of Classical Quotations. 1 vol. \$1 25.
Pettigrew's Collection of Epitaphs. 1 vol. \$1 25.
Hand Book of Froverbs. 1 vol. \$1 25.
Franck Chapman's Homer's Had. 2 vols. \$1 25.

PARASOLS, BLACK SILKS, &c., OPENED TOday.—I case stylish and new parasols
20 pieces very choice and cheap black silks, in all widths and
qualities

qualities
200 pieces cambrie brilliants, in all grades, assorted
200 pieces white goods, plain and plaid cambrie, plain and plaid
Nansowk muslins, Jaconets, Swiss muslins, mill muslins,
and cambric dimittee, dotted muslins, &c., in fact, a full
stock of all the best classes of white goods in general and

ast amount of white goods annually passing through our mables us to offer them at prices more favorable to the onsumer.

Our northern and eastern correspondents send us new supplies ully. One price only, marked in plain figures; hence no purchaser is

yercharged.

We are not opening any new accounts.

All old bilis will be settled before beginning new ones. We are serious on this point.

We reserve to ourselves the right to present for payment any bill (made after this date, January 1st, 1858) when we need its In future all accounts will be closed by cash payments. Notes will

In future all accounts will be consently used payable not be acceptable.
The continued financial derangement and general shortoning of credits, and the absence of banking facilities, suggest the propriety of the course we adopt.

"His our purpose to make our trade as near a cash business as possible without disturbing the pleasant relations which have existed between many of our custom re and ourselves for a long series of years."

PERRY & BROTHER,

"Central Stores," west building,
Feb 5—104dif opposite Centre Market.

GENEALOGIES of the Families and Descendants of the early netilers of Watertown, Massachusetts, including Waltham and Weston; to which is appended the early history of the town, with illustrations, maps, and notes. By Henry Bond, M. D. For sale by

RANCIARD & MORUN, Feb 5.

Maryland Agricultural College. SEALED PROPOSALS will be received by the undersigned until the 16th inst. for making and burning three hundred thousand or more bricks on the farm recently purchased by the trustees of the Maryland Agricultural College, near Bladensburg. The wood for burning the same to be delivered at the kins by the undersigned. Any information on the subject will be given on application to either of the subscribers.

CHARLES R. CALVERT, Bladensburg. JOHN O. WHARTON, Baltimore.

THE TURNER LEGACY.—Messrs. Taylor & Maury have the honor to announce that they have just received from Loodon a series of fac simile water color drawings by the best Engish artists, from the original pictures and drawings by the late J. W. M. Turner, R. A., in the above collection, the property of the English as tion, now exhibiting at Mariborrough House, London.

Also, Simpson's celebrated historical painting of the Restoration of the Arctic Ship Resolute by the people of the United States to her Majesty the Queen of England, at Cower, December II, 1856, consigned to Mesers Taylor & Manry by the Queen's publishers, Mesors. Colmaghi & Co., London.

On exhibition at No. 322 Pennsylvania ayenne, over Mesers. Wall, stephens, & Co's store. (Hours from 10, a. m., to 8, p. m.)

Admission 25 conts.

BY TELEGRAPH.

[Special despatch to the Union.]

Kansas in Kentucky. FRANKFORT, Feb. 5.—Resolutions have been offered to-day in the Kentucky legislature instructing the senators and requesting the members of Congress from this State to vote for the admission of Kansas according to the rec-ommendation of the President. The resolutions will certainly be adopted.

Sr. Louis, Feb. 5.—Commissioners have been appoint ed by the Kansas legislature now in session at Leaven worth, and they are taking testimony relative to the

Michigan Against Lecompton. DETROIT, Feb. 5. - The extra session of the legislat

has adjourned after passing resolutions instructing the members of Congress from the State to oppose the Lecompton constitution and the further extension of Macca Causen, (Pa.,) Feb. 3.—The Mauch Chunch Bank has this day resumed specie payments on all its lia-bilities.

CLEVELAND, (O.,) Feb. 3.—Late reports state that four persons were burned to death at the fire at Ashtabula In-firmary, at Kingsville, last night.

Meeting of Creditors of Lawrence, Stone, & Co.

Bosros, Feb. 4.—At a meeting of the creditors of Messrs, Lawrence, Stone, & Co., held yesterday in the in-solvency court, claims were presented and allowed for nearly \$1,100,000. Another meeting of the creditors will be held on the 3d day of March next.

Chicago, Feb. 4.—The local agent of the government in this city arrested Henry Van Gerson, a clerk in the post office, last night, on charge of stealing registered let-ters. He confessed his guitt.

Markets.

New York, Feb. 5.—Cotton advanced 1—uplands, 11 cents, and the market nearly swept at that price. Flour firm—sales 16,500 barrels; State, \$4 15 a \$4 25; Ohio, \$4 75 a \$4 90; southern unchanged. Wheat firm—sales 12,000 bushels; red, \$1 15 a \$1 22. Corn dull—white, 64 a 66 cents; yellow, 64 a 65 cents. Pork steady at \$15 50 a \$16 55. Whiskey steady at 21 cents. Sugar quiet. Coffee quiet and dearer—sales 4,000 bags at 9 a 11 cents. Molasses firmer—28 cents. Spirits of turpentine firm at 46 a 654 cents. Rosin buoyant—40 cents. Rice firm. Freights active.

TO THE CITIZENS OF WASHINGTON Wolfe's Schiedam Aromatic Schnapps.

Wolfe's Schiedam Aromatic Schapps.

The proprietor begs leave to call the attention of strangers and the citizens of Washington to a very superior article of Holland gin, which he introduced to the American public under the name of Wolfe's Schiedam Aromatic Schapps.

This gin is manufactured by this proprietor exclusively at his distitery in Schiedam, Holland. It is made from the best barley that can be procured in Europe at any cost, and flavored and medicated, not by the common harsh berry, but by the most choice botanical variety of the aromatic Italian juniper berry, whose more viscous extract is distilled and rectified with its spirituous solvent, and thus becomes a concentrated tincture of exquisits flavor and aroma, altogether transcending in its cordial and medicinal properties any alcoholic beverage heretefore known.

ing in its cordial and medicinal properties any alcoholic heverage heretofore known.

The proprietor has submitted it to nearly the whole medical faculty of the United States, and has received answers from about four thou-sand physicians and chemists, who endorse it, over their signatures, as a most desirable addition to the materia medica.

Persons who purchase should be careful to get the genuine article, as the whole country is flooded with counterfeits and initiations.

Put up in quart and plut boddes, in cases of one dozen each, and for the health the concentration discussed in the states.

THIRTY-EIGHTH INSTALMENT.- Now in store

10 cases ladies' cotton.
The above goods yet retain their pre-eminence, and are regarded to very best article for ladies' and children's wear that are produced in this country at the price, 12½ cents per yard by the piece, for parts of piaces 14 cents per yard.
200 pieces Atwood milk cottons, very choice.
100 pieces of our extra heavy everlasting shirting cotton.
200 pieces of all other superior shirting cottons, from medium up to New York mills, water twist, and English long ciths.
6 cases cotton sheetings and pillow cottons, the best grades, of all widths.
All the proper widths and qualities inten sheetings and pillow liners.

mens.
Table damasks, dsapers, towels, and mapkins in great profusion of hose select styles.

those select styles.

200 pieces pure Irish linens, in all grades, thick and thin, made to our orders in Ireland.

20 cartons gents' stitched linen shirt bosoms.

The immense quantities of linen goods and all superior cotton fabrics annually passing through our hands enables us to offer fabrics of the very best class at rates meet favorable to the consumer,

One price only, marked in plain figures; consequently no purchaser is overcharged.

We are not opening any new accounts.

All old bills will be actiled before beginning new ones. We are se-

ourse we adopt.

It is our purpose to make our trade as near a cash business as pos-iols without disturbing the pleasant relations which have existed be-seen many of our customers and ourselves for a long series of years. "Central Stores," west building,

Jan 30-10tdif

Wolfe's Schiedam Aromatic Schnapps. Wolfe's Schiedam Aromatic Scanappe.

The proprietor particularly recommends the above schappe to persons travelling, or about to settle, in the South or West, on account of its medicinal properties in correcting the disagreeable and often dancrous effects produced by a change of water, a visitation to which all travellers South and West are particularly liable. Strangers should be careful in purchasing the schnappe, as the whole country is flooded with countrefetts and imitations. The genuine has the proprietor's name on the bottle, cork, and label. For sale by all the druggists and occase.

UDOLPHO WOLFE.

Depot 18 Beaver street, No REDUCED SCALE OF PRICES.—All the prices DEDUCED SCALE OF PRICES.—All the prices by reduced to the lowest point they will reach this season. Dress this, shawls, robes, scarfs, cloaks, and embroideries; all the entire tock of fine goods placed on our reduced scale of prices. In store, a fine stock of very superior table linens, damasks, towels, ankins, doylos, pillow linens, and sheetings.

200 pieces superior frish linen, superior qualities at low prices. Mourning goods' stock always full throughout the entire year. Fine white cambrics, jaconets, and flaamels, a large supply. One price only, marked in plain figures; hence no purchaser is vercharged.

mount.

In future all accounts will be closed by cash payments. Notes will

TO THE CITIZENS OF WASHINGTON.

Wolfe's Schiedam Aromatic Schnapps is prescribed with great success by the medical faculty in gravel, gout, chronic rheumatism, dropsy, dyspepsia, sluggish circulation of the blood, inadequate assimulation of field, and exhausted vital energy,

> UDOLPHO WOLFE, Sole Importer and Manufacturer, 18, 20, and 22 Beaver street, New York

FROM LONDON BY LAST STEAMER. Russell's

North America, its agriculture and climate.
Scott's Social and Domestic Architecture, present and future.
Delamott's Practice of Photography.
Mortimer's Pyrotechny, 3d edition.
Denison on Clocks and Locks.
Hugher's Duties of Judge Advocates.
Jean's Navigation and Nautical Astronomy.
English discer, Duets, and Quartette, with pisno accompaniments, vol.

Yol.

Lidewig's Literature of American Aberiginal Lauguages.
Liousseau's Emilius, translated into English.

Rousseau's Nouvelle Heloise, translated into English.

Fub 4

FRANCK TAYLOR Indy's riding borse. He is a beautiful black, eight years old lifteen hands and upwards high, and sound. He came the surpassed in style and action, and is perfect in all and every gait. He can be seen at the fleery stable of Mr. Levy Pumphrey for a few days only.